

# Answers Exam 1 2016

$$1. \vec{F} = \left[ -\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_1 q_3 x}{(x^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_2 q_3 (a-x)}{((a-x)^2 + (y-b)^2)^{3/2}} \right] \vec{i}_x + \left[ -\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_1 q_3 y}{(x^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_2 q_3 (y-b)}{((a-x)^2 + (y-b)^2)^{3/2}} \right] \vec{i}_y$$

$$2. \vec{E} = \left[ \frac{1}{2\pi^2\epsilon_0} \frac{Q_1}{R^2} + \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{\lambda_0 \theta}{\pi R} \cos\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d\theta \right] \vec{i}_x + \left[ -\frac{Q_1}{2\pi^2\epsilon_0 R^2} + \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{\lambda_0 \theta}{\pi R} \sin\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d\theta \right] \vec{i}_y$$

$$3. V(0, -2b) - V(0, 2b) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left( -\frac{Q_2}{\sqrt{a^2 + 9b^2}} + \frac{Q_2}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \right)$$

$$4. a) \Phi = 2a^4$$

$$b) \Phi = \frac{2a^4}{3}$$