

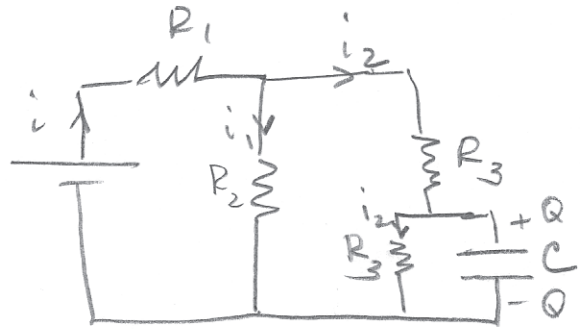
# Answers Test 2 2013

$$i = i_1 + i_2$$

$$1. a) -V + iR_1 + i_1 R_2 = 0$$

$$-V + iR_1 + i_2 R_3 + i_2 R_3 = 0$$

$$\frac{Q}{C} - i_2 R_3 = 0$$



$$b) Q = C \frac{V}{2}$$

$$2. 1) r < A \quad \vec{E} = \frac{1}{2\pi\epsilon_0 L} \frac{Q_2}{r} \text{ rad, out}$$

$$2) A < r < B \quad \vec{E} = 0$$

$$3) r > B \quad \vec{E} = \frac{1}{2\pi\epsilon_0 L} \frac{Q_1 + Q_2}{r} \text{ rad, out}$$

$$- [V(B) - V(\frac{A}{2})] = \frac{Q_2}{2\pi\epsilon_0 L} \ln 2 + \frac{Q_1 + Q_2}{2\pi\epsilon_0 L} \ln 5$$

$$3. a) r < A \quad \vec{E} = 0$$

$$A < r < B \quad \vec{E} = \frac{1}{3\epsilon_0 r^2} \rho_0 (r^3 - A^3) \text{ rad, out}$$

$$r > B \quad \vec{E} = \frac{\rho_0}{3\epsilon_0} \frac{B^3 - A^3}{r^2} \text{ rad, out}$$

$$b) r < A \quad \vec{E} = 0 \quad A < r < B \quad \vec{E} = \frac{\rho_0}{5\epsilon_0 B^2 r^2} (r^5 - A^5) \text{ rad, out}$$

$$r > B \quad \vec{E} = \frac{\rho_0}{5\epsilon_0 B^2 r^2} (B^5 - A^5) \text{ rad, out}$$

$$4. a) \vec{E} = \rho \frac{1}{2\pi r W} \text{ rad, out}$$

$$b) R = \frac{\rho}{2\pi W} \ln \frac{b}{a}$$

$$c) R = \frac{\rho_0}{2\pi b W} (b - a)$$